Falling Waters Mad About Mangave





A real
conversation
starter!
We love them
most in containers
to add texture and
a sculptural look
in areas that don't
get much water.
Native to North
America

Mangave 'Mad About Falling Waters'

- <u>Use:</u> Showcase the arching habit of this premium Mangave in a container for a low-maintenance patio plant! Mangave is a relatively new phenomenon, an intergeneric cross of Manfreda x Agave. These rare hybrids combine the best of both worlds: the better growth rate and the interesting patterns of Manfreda, and the habit and refinement of Agave.
- **Exposure/Soil:** Grows best in full sun. Plant in well-drained, dry to average soil in containers just slightly wider than the width of the rosette or plant directly in the ground. In summer when the plants are actively growing, they appreciate a bit of supplemental watering and half-strength fertilizer. They should be grown dry in winter. Mangave is a slower grower, so it will not quickly overtake the space it is allotted in the landscape.
- **Growth**: Grows 8-10" tall and 28-30" wide and can expand further.
- <u>Hardiness</u>: Zone 8-10; Tender Perennial that will need protection in winter. Good drainage
 in rocky soil is a must for good winter drainage. Bring indoors in winter and keep above 60
 degrees with high light as a houseplant for safest bet until we know more about their cold
 hardiness in our area.
- <u>Foliage</u>: Deciduous (Evergreen if indoors in winter). The thick, blue-green succulent leaves
 on this unique Mangave cascade down the plant like a tranquil waterfall or a peaceful fountain. Each leaf has very faint spots that are more pronounced in UV light, with the overall
 effect highlighting the three-dimensional nature of the plant. The leaves fold upward to display heavily toothed margins.
- Flower: After several years of growth, a plant can send up a bloom stalk up to 7.0' high of branching, yellow inflorescences. Some Mangave are monocarpic and produce only one bloom in their lifetime. They can, however, produce new offsets or "pups" that will live on after the mother plant dies.